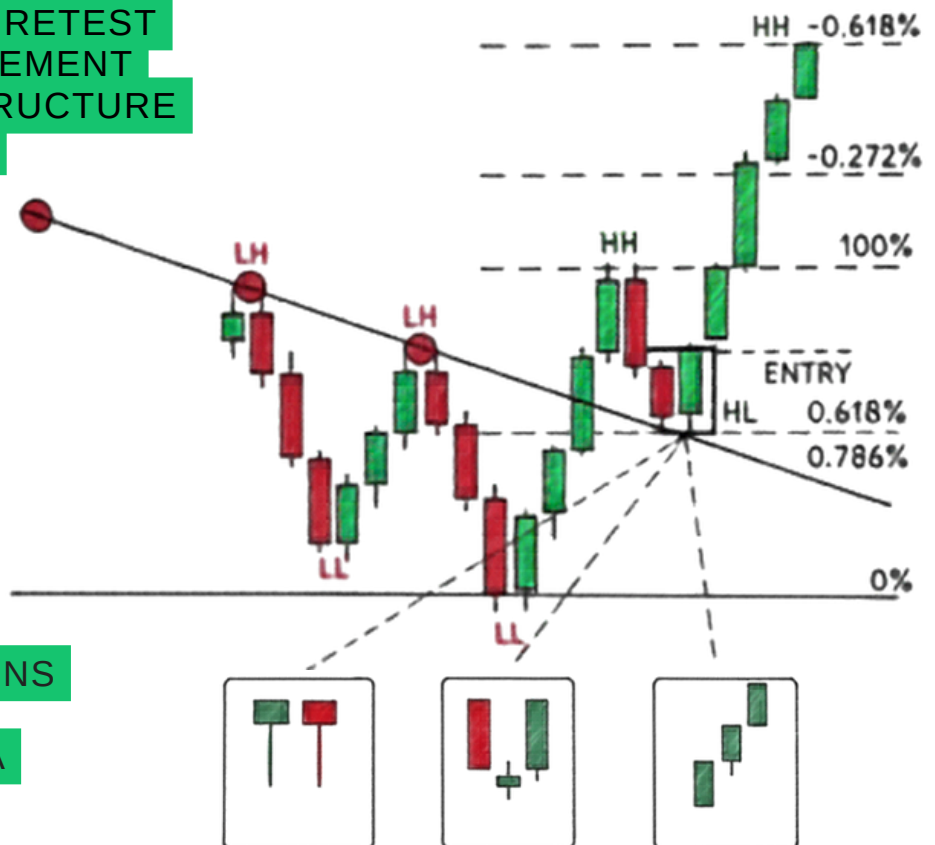


Entry Confirmation

- TRENDLINE BREAK & RETEST
- 0.618% FIBO RETACEMENT
- BULLISH MARKET STRUCTURE
- BULLISH ENGULFING

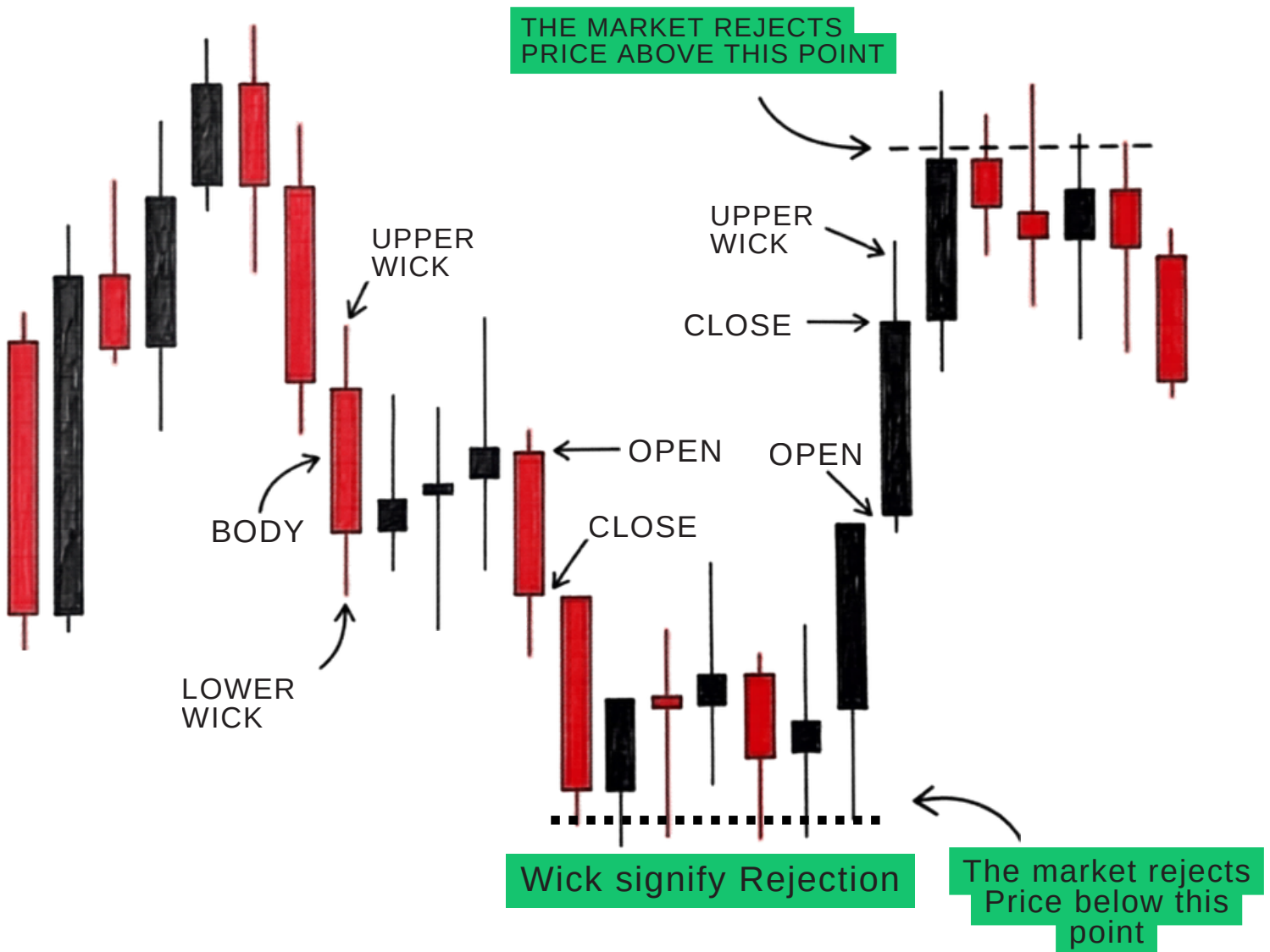


EITHER OF THIS 3 CANDLESTICK PATTERNS CAN VALIDATE YOUR ENTRY, IF YOU HAVE A STRONG TECHNICAL IDEA BEHIND IT!

➤ What is Entry Confirmation?

Entry confirmation is the additional evidence a trader waits for before executing a trade, to validate that the market is moving in the expected direction.

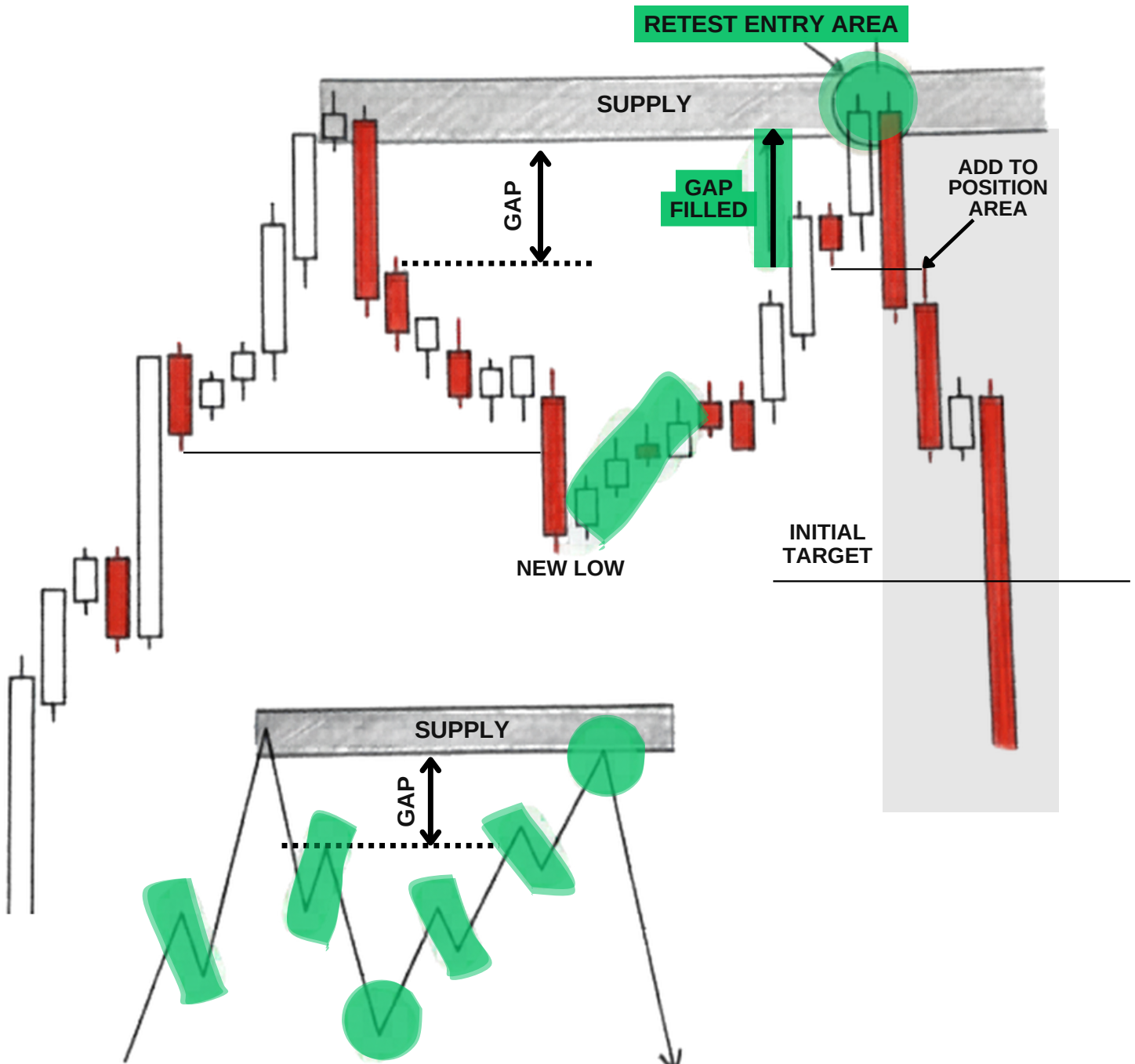
Price Action



➤ What is Price Action?

Price action is the study of how price moves on a chart, without relying on indicators. Instead of using indicators to tell you what's happening, price action focuses on what the market is actually doing in real time. It helps traders understand direction, momentum, and key levels to make more informed decisions.

Gap Retest Strategy



➤ What is Gap Retest Strategy?

A gap retest strategy is based on price returning to a gap in the market before continuing in its original direction. Price moves quickly, leaves a gap, then comes back to that area — traders enter expecting it to continue in the original direction. The idea is that gaps often act as areas of interest (support or resistance) where price may react before continuing.

Entry Possibilities

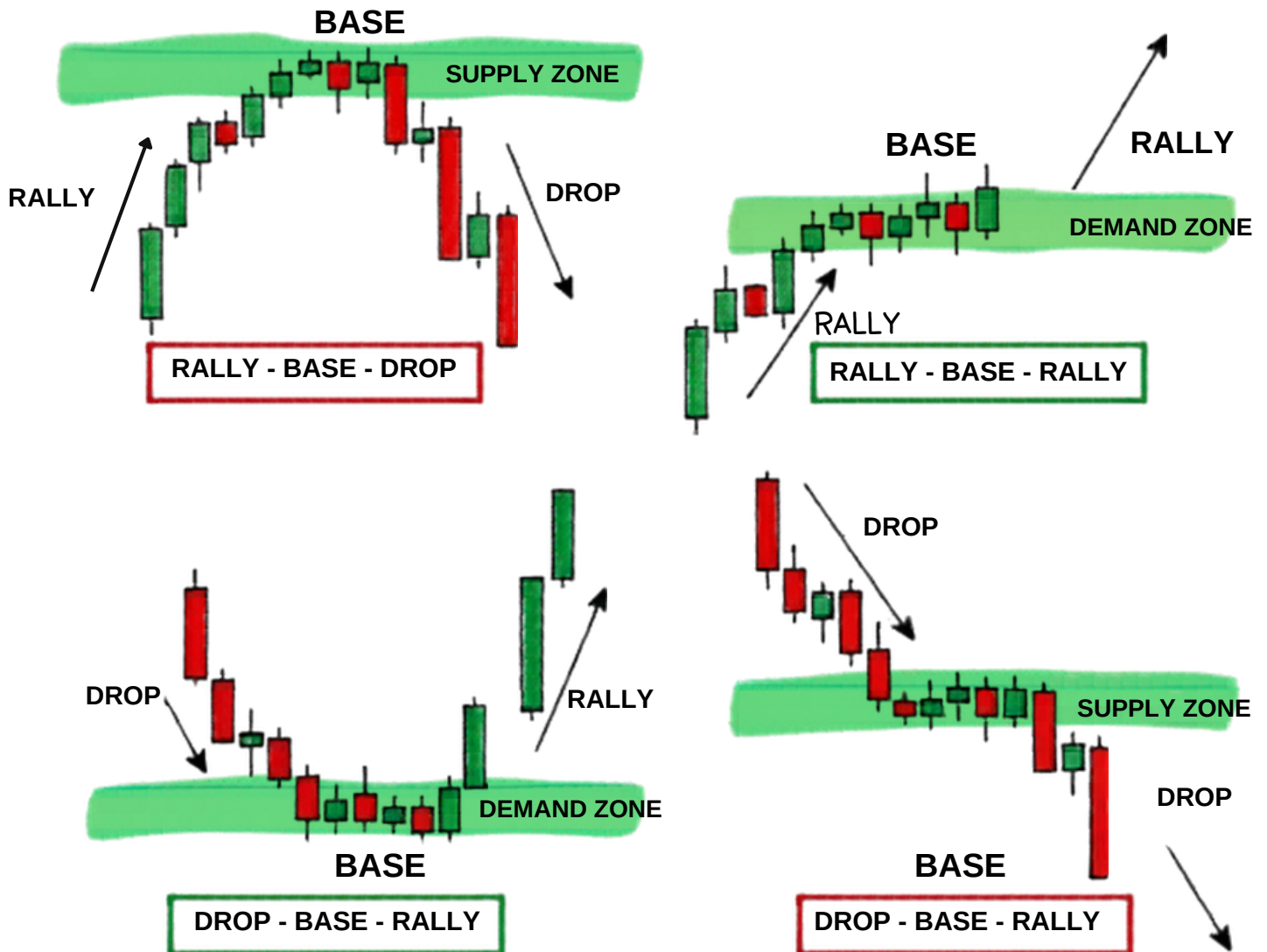


The market presents us with many different entry opportunities. We can't take all of them and be successful at the same time. Follow your plan, pick your trades and ignore the rest!

↘ What are Entry Possibilities?

Entry possibilities are the different ways a trader can enter a trade based on their strategy. Each entry type offers a different balance of risk, timing, and confirmation depending on how the trader approaches the market.

Supply & Demand



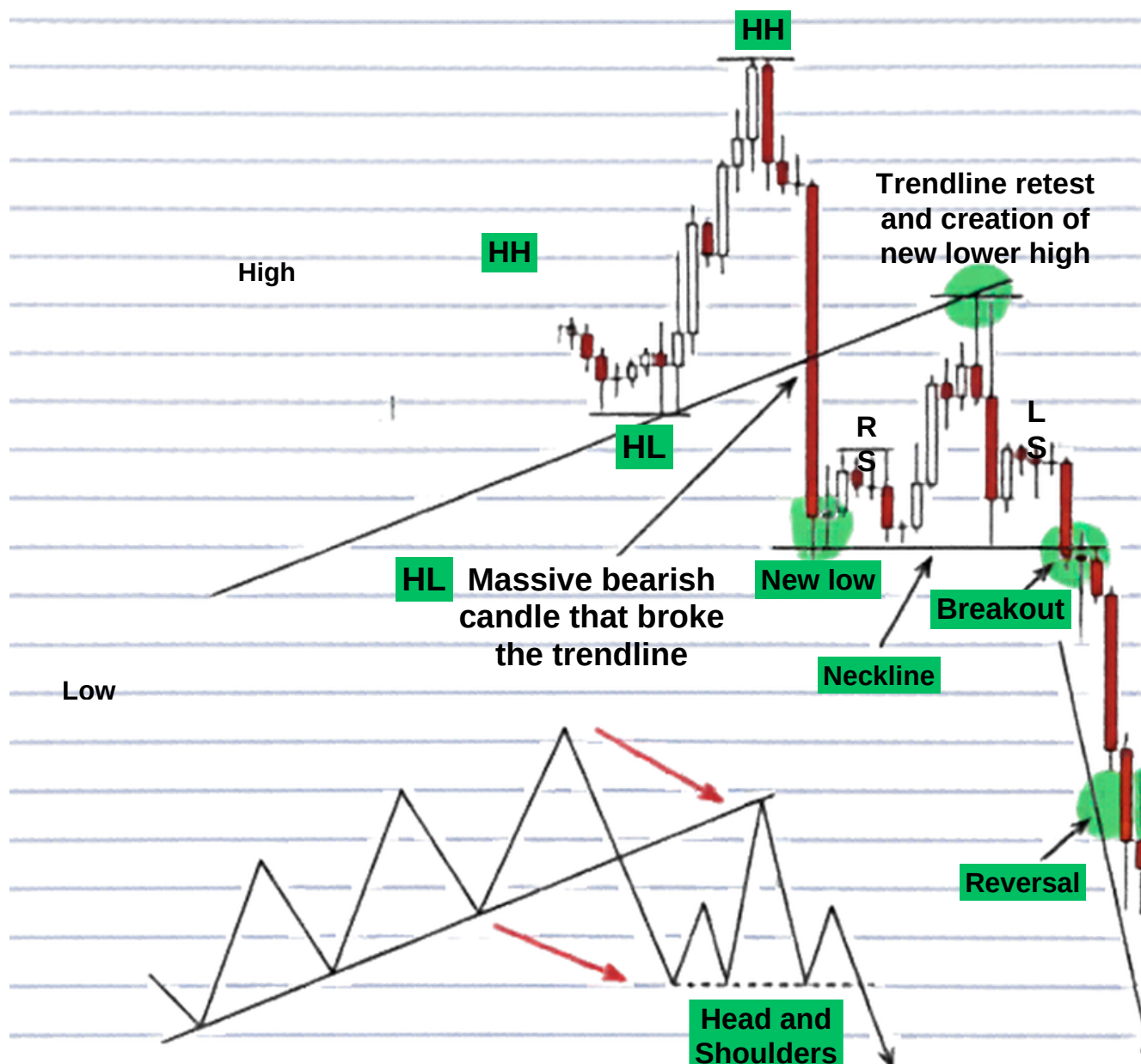
What is Supply & Demand?

Supply and demand refers to areas on a chart where strong buying or selling has previously taken place.

- Demand = an area where buyers stepped in and pushed price up
- Supply = an area where sellers stepped in and pushed price down

Traders watch these zones because price often reacts there again, making them key areas for potential entries or reversals.

Structure and H&S



What is Structure and H&S?

Structure in trading is the way price moves over time, forming patterns of highs and lows. H&S (Head and Shoulders) is a common reversal pattern in structure.

- It forms a peak (left shoulder), a higher peak (head), then a lower peak (right shoulder)
- It signals that an uptrend may be weakening and could reverse downward
- The opposite version (inverse H&S) can signal a move upward

Together, structure and H&S help traders read market direction and potential reversals based on how price is forming.